

Index

- Amphidrome 172–173
Analysis of variance 208–210
Angular frequency 80
Antiderivative 71–73
Archimedes
 Calculation of π 27–28, 69
Arctan 11, 24, 81, 83
Argand diagram 11–12
Aristotle 94–95, 101
Arithmetic, fundamental theorem 3–4
Associative law, *see* Laws of arithmetic
Bateson, W. 178
Bayes, Thomas 195
Bayesian inference 194–196
Berkeley, George 58
Bernouilli, Jacob 45
Binary number system 2
Binomial expansion 45–46
Binomial distribution 182–183
Bolzano, Bernard 49, 51
Brahmagupta 1
Buys-Ballot Law 117
Calculus
 Fundamental theorem 71–73
 Differential 58–69
 Integral 69–73
Cantor, Georg 10
Capons, comb growth 95–96
Cartesian coordinates 11, 13, 22, 29, 31
Cauchy, Augustin-Louis 49
Cavendish, Henry 119
Chaos 86–88
Chemical reactions 77
Chi square distribution 192–193
Chi square test 202–204
Circle 22–23, 32
 Area 29, 72
 Great 39–42
 Small 39–42
Commutative law, *see* Laws of arithmetic
Confidence interval 196–202, 208
Continuity theorem 161–162
Convergence
 Monotone 45, 68
 Ratio test 67–68
 Sequences 44–45, 67–68
 Series 44–45, 67–68
Copernicus
 Heliocentric theory 34, 111
Coriolis *see* Force
Correlation 190
Covariance 181, 189–190,
Critical damping 83
Cross product 109
D’Alembert, Jean-Baptiste 149
Decimal expansion 8
Decimal number system 1–2
Descartes 29
Derivative 58–69
Determinants 91–94

Index

- Difference equations 86–88
- Differential equations 74–85
 - Partial 149
- Differentiation 58–69
 - Rules 61–63
- Directrix 33, 36, 39
- Distributive law, *see* Laws of arithmetic
- Dot product 90
- Eccentricity 33, 36, 38
- Eigenvalues 97–99
- Eigenvectors 97–99
- Einstein, Albert 111
- Ellipse 32–34
 - Area 73
 - see* Directrix, Eccentricity, Focus
- Energy 165–167
 - Kinetic 165–167
 - Potential 137, 165–167
- Eratosthenes' sieve 5
- Euclid
 - Geometry 13–19
 - Number of primes 5
 - Unique factorization theorem 3–4
- Euler, Leonhard 45
- Euler's formula 67, 82
- Euler's number e 45–47, 55
- Expected value 179–181, 193, 198–199
- Exponential decay 74–77
- Exponential distribution 185–186
- Exponential function 54–57
 - Matrix 97
- Exponentiation 10, 54–57
- Fermat 29
- Fibonacci sequence 47–48
- Fisher, R.A. 194, 208–209
- Focus 33–34, 36–37, 39
- Force 112–113
 - Apparent 113–118
 - Centrifugal 115–117, 122
 - Coriolis 116–118, 122–123, 146, 173
- Forced oscillations 84–85
- Fourier, Joseph 152
 - Fourier analysis 152–156
- Function 48–57
 - Codomain 48
 - Continuity 51
 - Domain 48
 - Image 48
 - Inverse 51–53
- Fundamental theorem
 - See* Arithmetic, Calculus
- Fundy Bay 172
- Galilei, Vincenzo 148
- Galileo 37, 111–112, 118, 148
- Galton, Francis 174, 191
- Gause, G.F. 78
- Geometric series 8
- Geometry
 - Analytic 29–39
 - Euclidean 13–19
 - Spherical 39–42
- Gosset, W.S. (Student) 200, 202
- Gravity 118–125
 - Terrestrial 121–123
- Harmonic motion 80–85
 - Critical damping 83
 - Damped 81–83
 - Forced 84–85
 - Simple 80–81
- Harmonics 151, 155–156
- Hyperbola 38–39
 - see* Directrix, Eccentricity, Focus
- Hyperbolic functions 160

Index

- Integration 68–73
- Irrotationality condition 162
- Kepler’s laws of planetary motion 34, 39, 111, 125–130
- Kronecker, Leopold 1
- Kurtosis 187, 201
- Laplace, Marquis de 158, 171
- Latitude 40–41
- Laws of arithmetic 2–3
- Least squares 94–96, 205
- Leibniz 58
- Leslie matrix 97–98
- L’Hôpital’s rule 68–69
- Linear regression 94–96, 190–192, 205–210
- Limit cycle 86–88, 103
- Lines, 13–16, 31
- Logarithm 56–57
- Logistic growth 77–79
- Longitude 40–41
- Lynx–snowshoe hare cycle 103–104
- Malthus, T.R. 77
- Mathematical induction 3, 44
- Matrices 30, 89–104
 - Addition 89
 - Eigenvalues 97–99
 - Eigenvectors 97–99
 - Inversion 91–94
 - Leslie 99–100
 - Multiplication 90–91
 - Transpose 89–90
- Maximization 65
- Maximum likelihood 197–200, 205
- Maximum sustainable yield 78–79
- Maxwell, James Clark 174
- Mendel, Gregor 174, 177–179
- Mendelian genetics 177–179
- Mersenne, Marin 147, 151
- Mill, John Stuart 174
- Minimization 65
- Moment generating function 181–182
- Monotone convergence theorem 45, 68
- Newton, Isaac
 - Calculus 58
 - Law of cooling 74–75
 - Laws of motion 37, 39, 111–130
 - Shell theorem 119–121
 - Speed of sound 158
 - see* Tides
- Newton-Raphson method 54, 63–64
- Neyman, J. 194
- Normal distribution 186–189
 - Bivariate 190–191
 - Multivariate 189–191
- Number line 6–7
- Number of primes 5
- Numbers 1–12
 - Complex 11–12
 - Irrational 8–10
 - Natural 1–3
 - Negative 6–7
 - Prime 3–5
 - Rational 7–8
 - Real 9–10
- Outer product 90
- Parabola 34–37
 - see* Directrix, Eccentricity, Focus
- Paramecium* 78
- Parametric representation 32
- Pearson, E.S. 194
- Pearson, Karl 194, 202
- Pendulum, motion 80, 124–125

Index

- Pi
 - Definition of 23
 - Value of 27–28
- Planetary motions *see* Kepler's laws
- Point estimation 197–200
- Poisson, S.D. 183
- Poisson distribution 183–185
- Polar coordinates 11–12
- Polynomial function 53–54
- Positional number system 1
- Prey-predator models 100–104
- Prime numbers 3–5
- Probability 174–193
 - Frequentist concept 174–175
 - Inductive concept 174–175
 - Laws of 175–179
- Projectile trajectory 37, 65, 123
- Punnett, R.C. 178
- Pythagoras 8, 148
 - Theorem 8, 11, 26, 27
- Quadratic equation 11
- Quetelet, Adolphe 174
- Radian 23
- Radioactive decay 76
- Radiocarbon dating 76
- Rayleigh, Lord 165
- Reciprocal function 38–39
- Reflection 31
- Regression *see* linear regression
- Resonance 84–85, 171–172
- Ricker model 86–88
- Riemann-Darboux integral 69–73
- Roman number system 1
- Rotation 30
- Royal Society 111
- Scaling
 - Anisotropic 30
 - Isotropic 30
- Seiche 168–171
- Separation of variables 75, 77
- Sequences 43–48
 - Arithmetic 43–44
 - Convergence 44
 - Euler's number 45–47
 - Fibonacci 47–48
 - Geometric 44–45
- Series 43–48
 - Arithmetic 43–44
 - Convergence 45
 - Euler's number 45–47
 - Geometric 44–45
 - Maclaurin 66–68
 - Power 66–68
 - Taylor 66–69
- Significance test 196–203, 208–210
- Skewness 182–185
- Sphere, volume 73
- Spherical coordinates 107–109
- Stability analysis 79, 87
- Stationary point 64–65
- Student's *t* test 200–202
- Superposition principle 80
- Tides 131–146
 - Dynamic theory 171–173
 - Equilibrium theory 136–146
 - Lagging and priming 142–143
 - Spring and neap tides 132, 140–142
 - Tide-generating force 133–136
- Transformations 29–30
- Translation 29–30
- Triangles 16–19, 24–27
 - Area 25
 - Congruent 17–18

Index

- Similar 17–18
- Solution of 25–27
- Spherical 42
- Trigonometric functions 19–24
- Trigonometric identities 21–22, 26
- Trigonometry
 - Plane 19–29
 - Spherical 39–42
- Tsunami 168
- Turin shroud 76
- Turning point 64–65
- Tycho Brahe 34, 111
- Unary number system 1
- Unique factorization theorem 3–4
- Variance 179–210 *passim*
- Vectors 29, 89–110
 - Cross product 109
 - Dot product 90
 - Euclidean 104–110
 - Outer product 90
- Velocity potential 162
- Verhulst, P.F. 77
- Vibrating strings 147–156
- Volume, sphere 72–73
- Wave equation 148–152
- Waves 147–173
 - Gravity 164–167
 - Longitudinal 159
 - Sound 156–158
 - Standing 152, 159, 168–170, 172
 - Tidal 171–173
 - Transverse 159
 - Traveling 150, 152, 159, 160, 165, 167
 - Water 159–173
 - Wind 167–168
- Weierstrass, Karl 49, 51
- Work 137, 165–166

